

Grandstream Networks, Inc.

UCM630x Series

Audio/Video QoS Improvements Guide



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INTRODUCTION

QoS (Quality of Service) is a major issue in VoIP implementations. The issue is how to guarantee that packet traffic for a voice or other media connection will not be delayed or dropped due to interference from other lower priority traffic.

For the end user, Packet loss causes interrupts. Some degree of packet loss will not be noticeable, but lots of packet loss will make sound lousy that is why VoIP is not tolerant of packet loss. Even 1% packet loss can “significantly degrade” a VoIP call using a G.711 codec for example, and other more compressing codecs can tolerate even less packet loss.

This specific document will introduce and focus in the QoS considerations that has been added on UCM630x series when handling audio and video calls.



AUDIO PACKET LOSS IMPROVEMENT

UCM630x series have added different QoS settings that can help to improve the quality of service for Audio Calls, please refer to following paragraphs in order to learn how to build and improve the quality of service in your audio calls.

FEC for OPUS Codec

OPUS codec has built-in inband forward error correction (FEC), mitigating the effects of packet loss. It's a capability that some systems employ to help mitigate errors when unstable transmissions occur. While implementation and handling algorithms can differ, an Opus encoder can embed redundant data about the preceding packet in-band in the current packet. This extra information can be crucial on the receiving side when a packet has been lost. For instance, when a packet of audio has been dropped an Opus decoder can rebuild that lost packet from the FEC data it obtains in the next packet it receives. This of course can help alleviate gaps in the audio stream.

The OPUS codec can be set for Internal calls on the extensions, to do so please go under Web GUI→**Extensions/Trunk**→ **Extension**→ **Media** and select OPUS Codec as Preference.

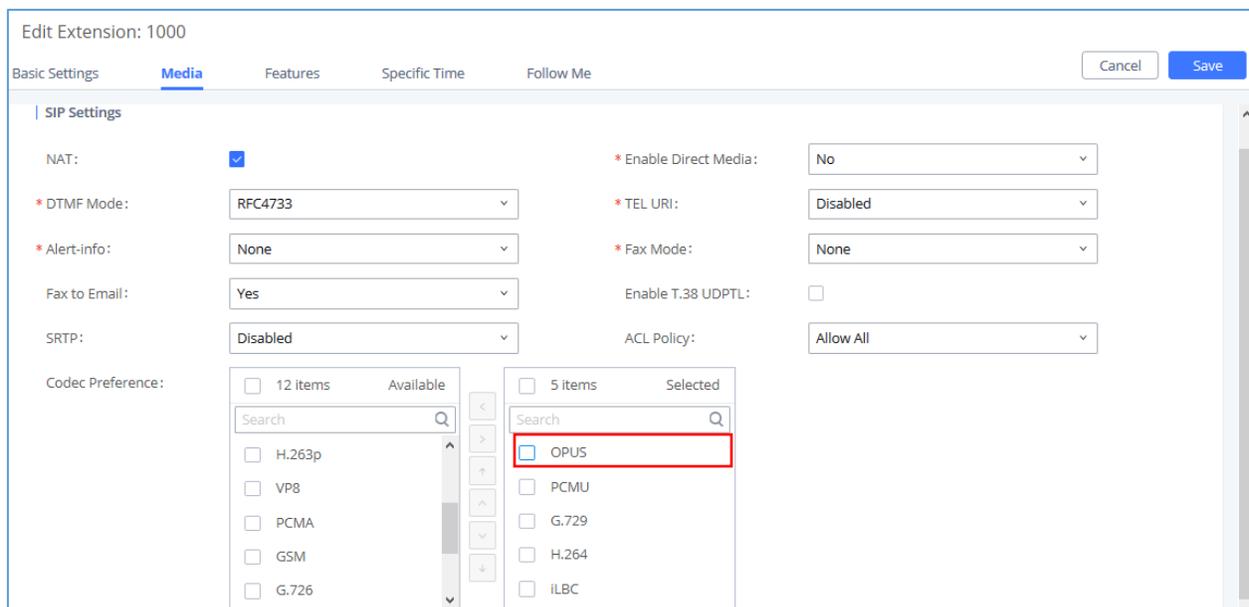


Figure 1: OPUS for extensions



For external calls, the OPUS codec can be set on the trunk, to do so please go under Web GUI→Extensions/Trunk→ VoIP Trunks → Trunk→ **Advanced settings** and select OPUS Codec as Preference.

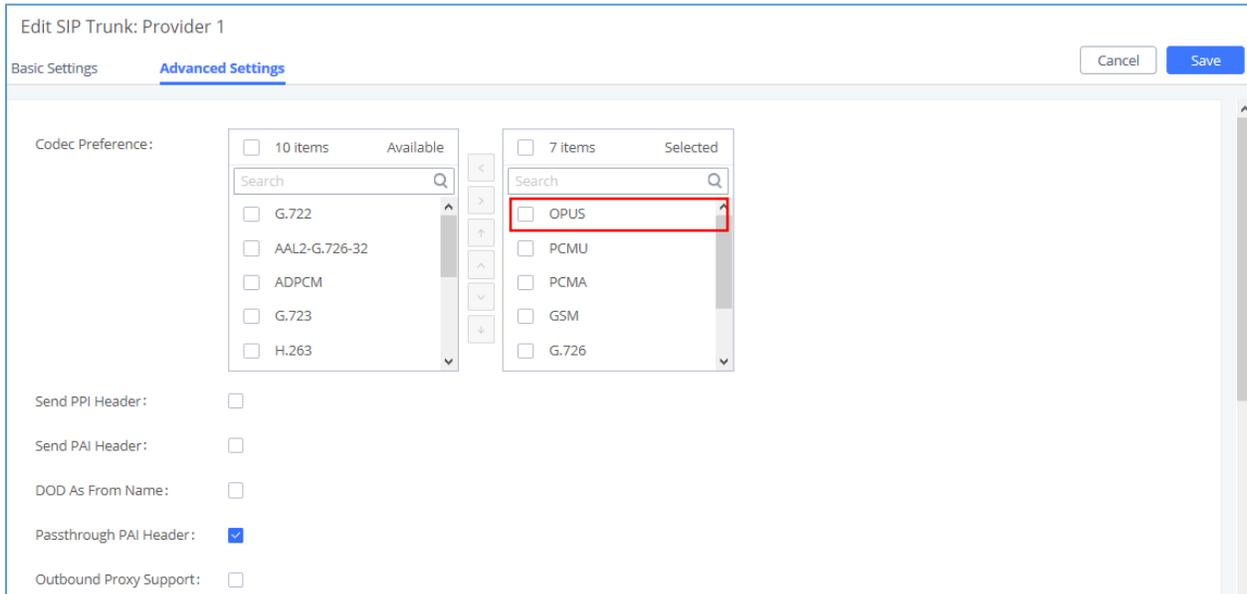


Figure 2: OPUS for trunks

NetEQ

NetEQ is a dynamic jitter buffer and error concealment algorithm used for hiding the negative effects of network jitter and packet loss. It helps keep latency as low as possible while maintaining the highest voice quality.

In other words, enabling NetEQ will help with minimizing the effects of packet loss on audio **received** by the UCM. If there is a packet loss in the audio sent from UCM to an endpoint, then the endpoint will need to handle it with its own packet loss mitigation implementation.



For example:

Assuming there is packet loss between endpoint A and UCM, and there is no packet loss between UCM and endpoint B, after NetEQ is enabled on UCM for extension A, UCM can mitigate the effects of packet loss on the audio received from A and maintain audio quality when sending packets to B.

However, if UCM is sending audio to A, and packet loss is present, endpoint A will need to handle that packet loss on its own.

Note: NetEQ is used in WebRTC for audio QoS purposes. As such, UCM's Grandstream Wave, which uses WebRTC, comes with NetEQ support.

To reduce the effects of packet loss on audio received by the UCM on internal calls please go Web GUI→**Extensions/Trunk**→ **Extension**→ **Media**

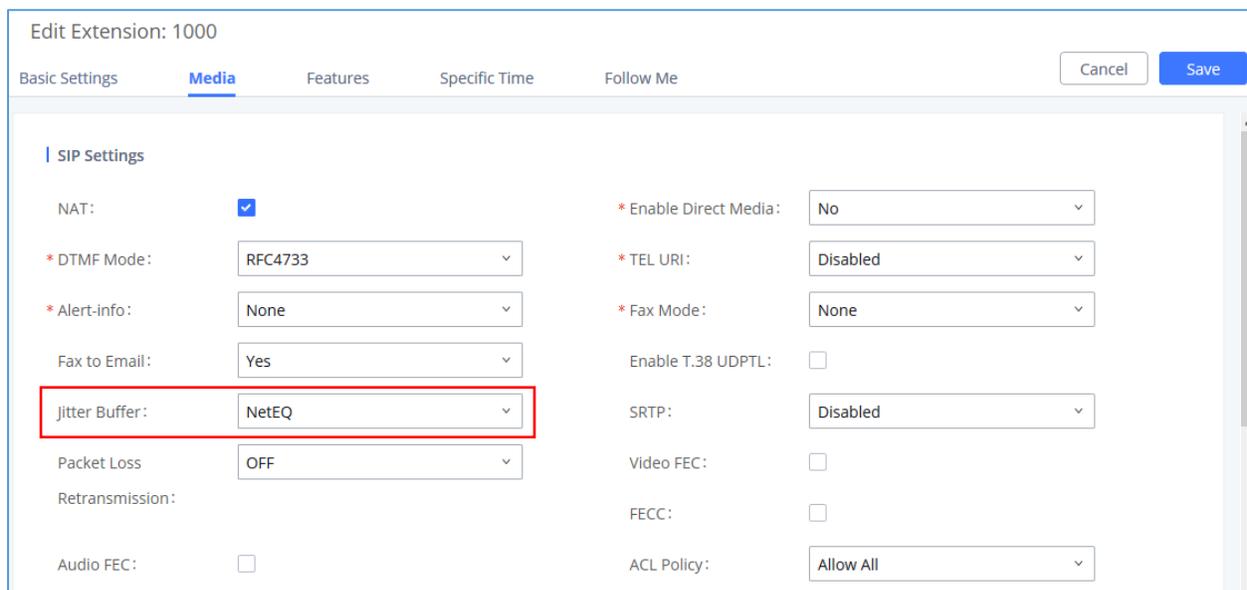


Figure 3: NetEQ for Internal calls

For External calls, please go under Web GUI→**Extensions/Trunk**→ **VoIP Trunks**



Edit SIP Trunk: Trunk-A

Basic Settings Advanced Settings

Cancel Save

* Provider Name:	<input type="text" value="Trunk-A"/>	* Host Name:	<input type="text" value="7.7.7.7"/>
Auto Record:	<input type="checkbox"/>	Keep Original CID:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Keep Trunk CID:	<input type="checkbox"/>	NAT:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Disable This Trunk:	<input type="checkbox"/>	TEL URI:	<input type="text" value="Disabled"/>
CallerID Number:	<input type="text"/>	CallerID Name:	<input type="text"/>
From Domain:	<input type="text"/>		
Transport:	<input type="text" value="UDP"/>	Jitter Buffer:	<input type="text" value="NetEQ"/>
Direct Callback:	<input type="checkbox"/>		

Figure 4: NetEQ for External calls

Audio GS-FEC

GS-FEC is a proprietary algorithm developed by Grandstream to minimize the effects of audio/video packet loss and can handle up to 50% packet loss in audio. This option is also available in the web portals of supported Grandstream product models.

The option can be set for each extension under Web GUI → **Extensions/Trunk** → **Extension** → **Media**

Edit Extension: 1000

Basic Settings **Media** Features Specific Time Follow Me

Cancel Save

SIP Settings

NAT:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	* Enable Direct Media:	<input type="text" value="No"/>
* DTMF Mode:	<input type="text" value="RFC4733"/>	* TEL URI:	<input type="text" value="Disabled"/>
* Alert-info:	<input type="text" value="None"/>	* Fax Mode:	<input type="text" value="None"/>
Fax to Email:	<input type="text" value="Yes"/>	Enable T.38 UDPTL:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Jitter Buffer:	<input type="text" value="Disable"/>	SRTP:	<input type="text" value="Disabled"/>
Packet Loss:	<input type="text" value="OFF"/>	Video FEC:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Retransmission:		FECC:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Audio FEC:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ACL Policy:	<input type="text" value="Allow All"/>

Figure 5: Audio GS-FEC



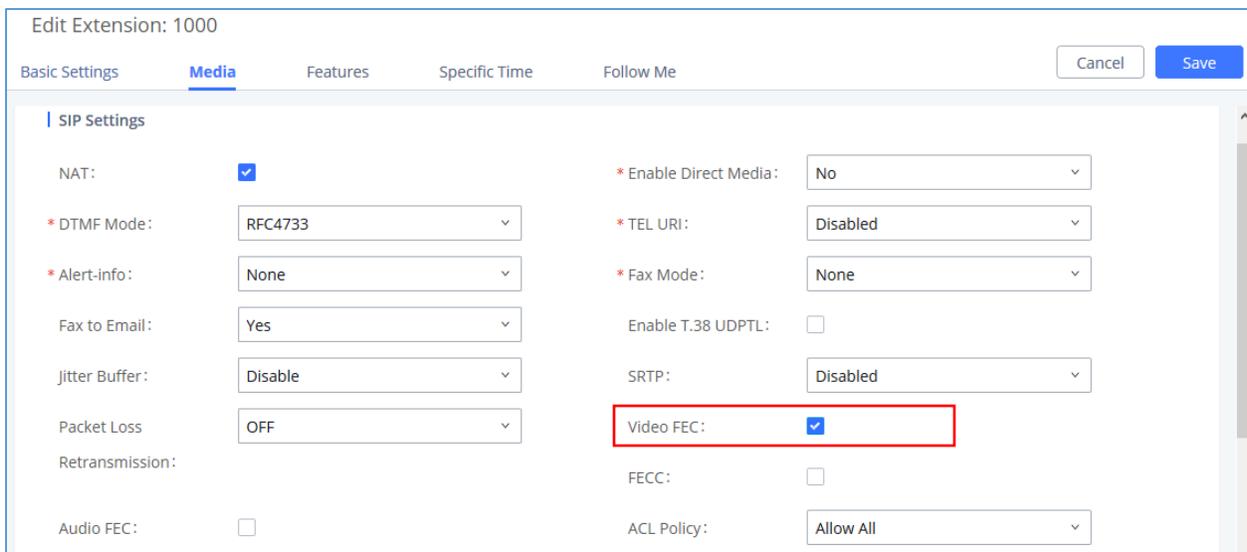
VIDEO PACKET LOSS IMPROVEMENT

In addition to Audio improvements, UCM630x series have also added different QoS settings that can help to improve the quality of service for Video Calls. Please refer to following paragraphs in order to learn how to improve the quality of the video calls.

Video GS-FEC

GS-FEC is a proprietary algorithm developed by Grandstream to minimize the effects of audio/video packet loss. This option is also available in the web portals of supported Grandstream product models.

To configure this feature, please go under Web GUI→**Extensions/Trunk**→ **Extension**→ **Media**



The screenshot shows the 'Edit Extension: 1000' configuration page. The 'Media' tab is selected. Under 'SIP Settings', the 'Video FEC' option is checked (indicated by a blue checkmark) and is highlighted with a red rectangular box. Other settings include NAT (checked), DTMF Mode (RFC4733), Alert-info (None), Fax to Email (Yes), Jitter Buffer (Disable), Packet Loss (OFF), Retransmission (unchecked), Audio FEC (unchecked), Enable Direct Media (No), TEL URI (Disabled), Fax Mode (None), Enable T.38 UDPTL (unchecked), SRTP (Disabled), FECC (unchecked), and ACL Policy (Allow All).

Figure 6: Video GS-FEC

NACK

NACK or negative acknowledgement is one of the QoS methods to improve the reliability of a retransmission for video to combat packet loss.

By enabling negative-acknowledgement (NACK), the UCM will retransmit packets that have been lost in the initial transmission to repair the media stream.

In order to activate this feature, please go under Web GUI→**Extensions/Trunk**→ **Extension**→ **Media** and set the option “**Packet loss Retransmission**” to “**NACK**”.



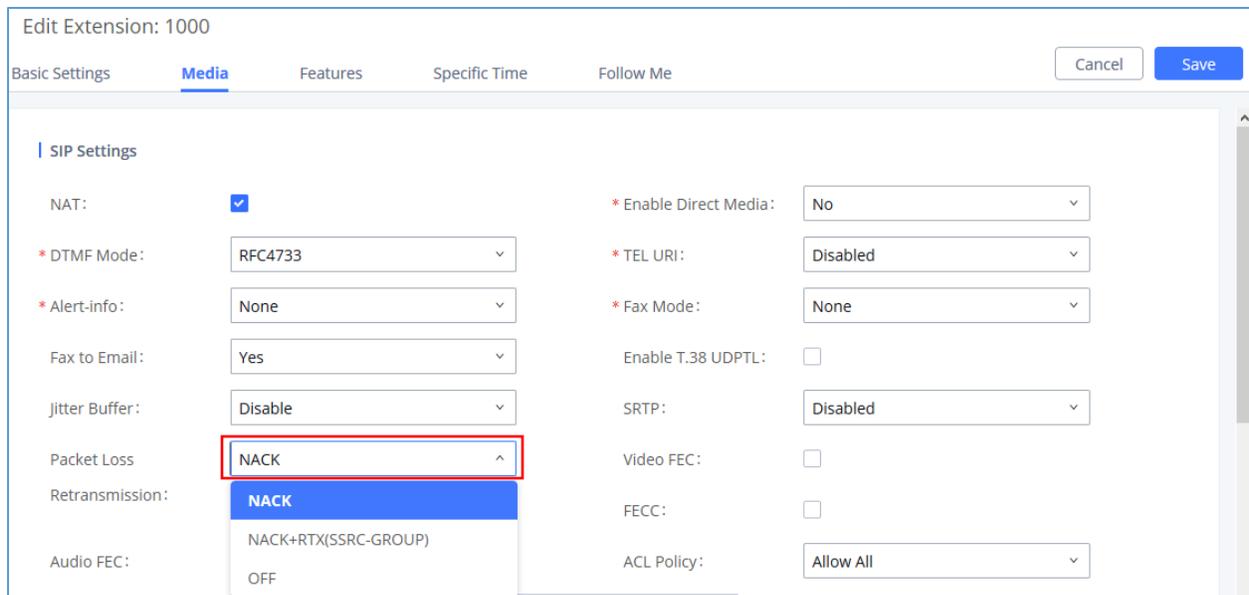


Figure 7: NACK

NACK+RTX

RTX stands for retransmission. It's a mechanism based on NACK, which means it relies on RTCP packets to find out which packets are lost first. For NACK, it will retransmit based on the original packet. With RTX, a special payload is used to retransmit the packets that a NACK request indicated as lost. Retransmitted packets are sent in a different stream from the original media stream. The payload of the retransmission packet contains the payload header of the retransmission followed by the payload of the original packet. RTX retransmits using an extra SSRC, which will be marked in SDP during negotiation.

RTX achieves similar packet loss performance compared to NACK. However, RTX provides more accurate packet loss statistics.

To enable this option on the UCM, please go under Web GUI→**Extensions/Trunk**→ **Extension**→ **Media** and set the option “**Packet loss Retransmission**” to “**NACK+RTX(SSRC-GROUP)**”.



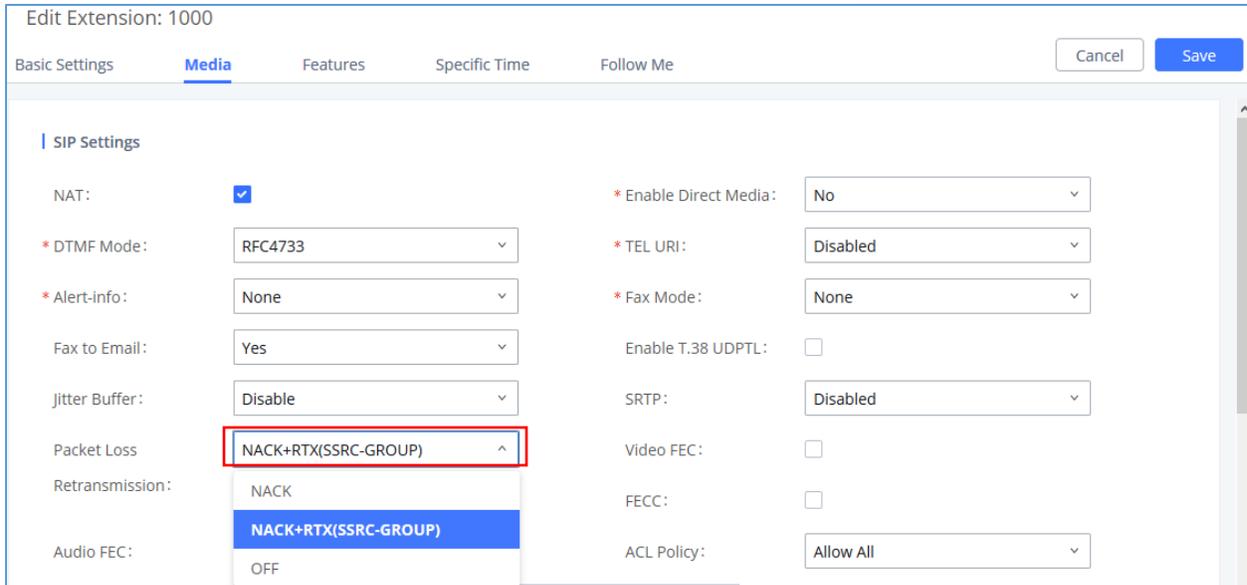


Figure 8: NACK+RTX

QOS AND COMPATIBILITY WITH ENDPOINTS

Currently, NetEQ will take effect for received packets as long as it is enabled on the UCM. All other options mentioned previously require both the UCM and the endpoints to support and enable them.

Please find below the options requiring end point support:

Table 1: QOS options and compatibility with Endpoints

Options	OPUS	NetEQ	Audio GS-FEC	Video FEC	NACK	NACK+RTX
Require end device support and negotiation	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

